

High-level consultative dialogue on the EU-Africa Global Health Partnership Some questions to guide the GHP discussions

Panel discussion questions

1. What would it take for African States that are not currently members of EDCTP2 to become members of the new partnership? Kenya and Rwanda are yet to join the EDCTP Association
2. Alternatively, what are the reasons that make that some African States become member and other do not?
3. Based on the experiences of the current EDCTP members, what are the key drivers or incentives that African member states consider important in order to fully be committed to support the new partnership both politically and financially (in cash and kind)
4. We believe that over the last 16 years the EDCTP programme has made substantial contribution towards R&D for infectious diseases and the development of the required research capacity on the African region – this partnership is mainly involving African institutions mandated by their governments. What would be required to fully engage the African Union (AU) and its regional bodies (and in particular, the health-arms of the regional economic communities (RECs) to support (both politically and financially) the new partnership in order to take this effort to a higher level of achievement and potential impact?
5. Many of the current African partners of EDCTP provide their contribution in kind, could a cash contribution be envisaged?
6. Preliminary discussions revealed that research actions to address Antimicrobial Resistance or climate change induced epidemics would be an important addition to the scope of the future partnership. What is your view?
7. The ethics and regulatory environment landscape in Africa is rapidly evolving at the national and regional level, how do you see the new partnership contributing to this effort in a sustainable way with the African partners taking the lead in the process?
8. What lessons have we learnt from the recent Global Health Emergencies?
9. What else can EDCTP do to benefit Africa?